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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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8	AIMEE VEDEN a/k/a LORENZEN,	CASE NO. C19-5434 BHS
9	Plaintiff, v.	ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND
10	HSBC BANK USA NATIONAL	
11	ASSOCIATION AS TRUSTEE FOR THE HOLDERS OF THE MERRILL	
12	LYNCH INVESTORS INC., MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH	
13	CERTIFICATES, MANA SERIES 2007-OAR5	
14	Defendant.	
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16	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff Aimee Veden's ("Veden") motion	
17	for leave to file an amended complaint. Dkt. 26. The Court has considered the pleadings	
18	filed in support of and in opposition to the motion and the remainder of the file and	
19	hereby denies the motion for the reasons stated herein.	
20	I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY	
21	On May 17, 2019, Veden filed a complaint against Defendant HSBC Bank USA	
22	National Association, as Trustee for the holder	ers of the Merrill Lynch Investors Inc.,

Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Mana Series 2007-OAR5 ("HSBC") asserting claims for quiet title, unjust enrichment, and declaratory judgment. Dkt. 1. On November 20, 2019, Veden filed the instant motion requesting leave to amend her complaint. Dkt. 26. On December 2, 2019, HSBC responded. Dkt. 27. Veden did not reply.

II. DISCUSSION

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a) provides that, after the initial period for amendments as of right, pleadings may be amended only with the opposing party's written consent or by leave of court. Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2). Generally, "the court should freely give leave [to amend pleadings] when justice so requires." *Id.* This rule should be interpreted and applied with "extreme liberality." *Morongo Band of Mission Indians v. Rose*, 893 F.2d 1074, 1079 (9th Cir. 1990). The court ordinarily considers five factors when determining whether to grant leave to amend a complaint: "(1) bad faith, (2) undue delay, (3) prejudice to the opposing party, (4) futility of amendment, and (5) whether plaintiff has previously amended his complaint." *Allen v. City of Beverly Hills*, 911 F.2d 367, 373 (9th Cir. 1990). The burden is on the party opposing amendment to show that amendment is not warranted. *Wizards of the Coast, LLC v. Cryptozoic Entm't, LLC*, 309 F.R.D. 645, 649 (W.D. Wash. 2015).

In this case, HSBC argues that Veden's proposed claims are futile because they are barred by the statute of limitations. Dkt. 27 at 5–7. The Court agrees. Veden's claims are based on allegations of events that took place in 2007, 2011, and 2014, which

are well before the relevant statutes of limitations for her proposed claims. Therefore, the Court denies Veden's motion for leave to amend. III. ORDER Therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED** that Veden's motion for leave to file an amended complaint, Dkt. 26, is **DENIED**. Dated this 10th day of February, 2020. United States District Judge